

Building (good) BVHs

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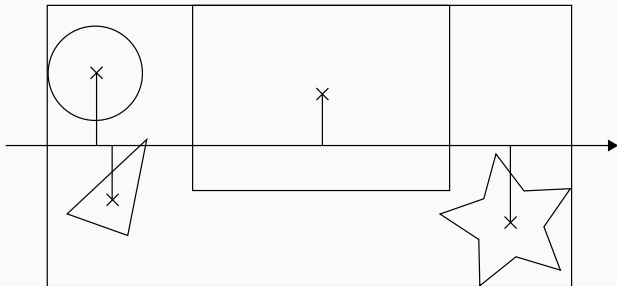
Building Strategies

- Naive (middle, median split) – *don't do that*
- Sweep SAH evaluation
- Binning SAH evaluation
- Sweep SAH evaluation + Spatial Splits
- Sweep SAH evaluation + Pre-splitting

BVH Construction

General Idea

- Split objects (triangles) in two *disjoint* sets: L and R
- Choosing L and R :
 - 2^{N-1} such partitions for N objects: *impractical*
 - Idea: Sort primitives according to centroid position



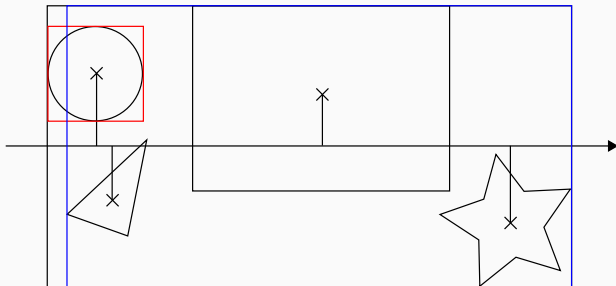
Reminder

$$SAH(P) = C_t + C_i \left(\frac{SA(L)}{SA(P)} N(L) + \frac{SA(R)}{SA(P)} N(R) \right)$$

Minimizing the SAH

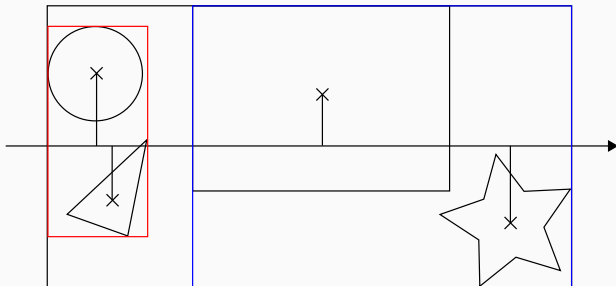
- Iterate through sorted primitives
- Select (L, R) with minimum SAH
- Omit common terms C_i and C_t
 - Irrelevant when minimizing

Sweep SAH



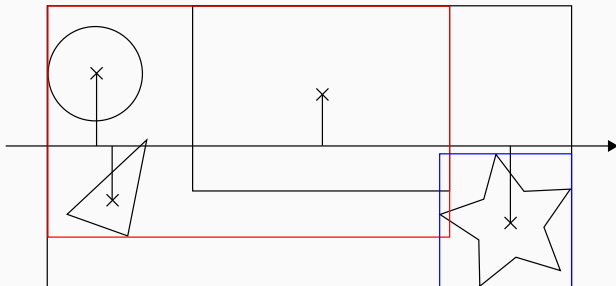
$$SAH(P) = C_t + C_i \left(\frac{SA(L)}{SA(P)} N(L) + \frac{SA(R)}{SA(P)} N(R) \right)$$

Sweep SAH



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Sweep SAH



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Important

$SA(L)$ can be incrementally computed by extending the bounding box of L at every step, *but not* $SA(R)$

Sweeping

- Two-step process: right-to-left and then left-to-right
- Right-to-left: compute and record $\frac{SA(R)}{SA(N)} N(R)$
- Left-to-right: compute full SAH using stored values

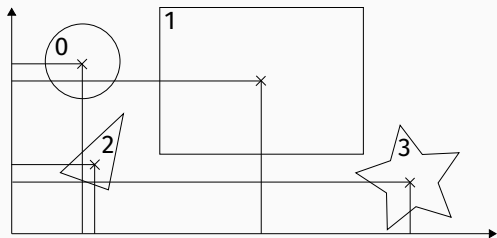
Sweep SAH: Algorithm

- For each $axis \in \{x, y, z\}$
 - Sort primitives according to projection of centroid on $axis$
 - Sweep from right to left to compute partial cost $\frac{SA(R)}{SA(N)} N(R)$
 - Sweep left to right to compute full cost
 - Choose split (L, R) with lowest cost
- Choose split (L, R) on axis with lowest SAH cost
- Compare lowest cost with cost of not splitting
 - i.e. $N(P)$ – number of primitives in the current node
- Terminate if the split is not beneficial

Sweep SAH: Implementation Notes

- Use *references*: Indices into the array of primitives
- Each node is a bounding box + range of references
- Create 3 arrays of references
 - Initially filled with $0..N$
 - Sort according to projection of centroid on $\{x, y, z\}$
- Each split partitions the 3 arrays of references
 - Use a *stable* (i.e *order preserving*) partitioning algorithm!
 - No need to sort references again

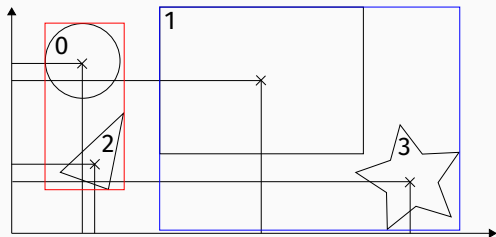
Sweep SAH: Example



Initial State

- References on X: 0, 2, 1, 3
- References on Y: 3, 2, 1, 0
- Root node reference range 0..3 (both ends included)

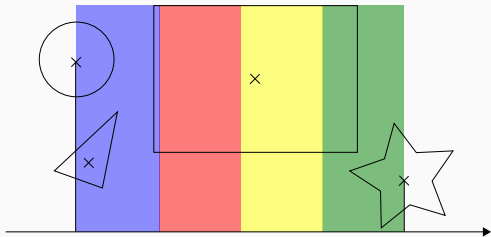
Sweep SAH: Example



Example Partition

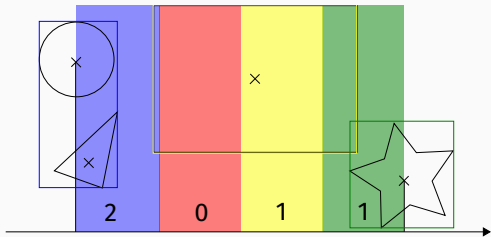
- Partition on X: 0,2,1,3
- References on X are already partitioned
- Partition references on Y
 - Fill boolean array with 1 for red references, 0 otherwise: 1,0,1,0
 - Perform a stable partition of 3,2,1,0 according to flags: 2,0,3,1
- Set the bounding box and range of L and R
 - Ranges: L 0..1, R 2..3

Binning SAH



- When full sweep is too slow
- Compute min and max *centroid* bounds
- Create N (typically small, e.g. 16) equally sized bins on $\{x, y, z\}$

Binning SAH



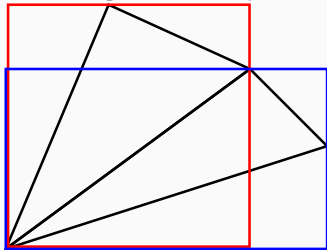
- When full sweep is too slow
- Compute min and max *centroid* bounds
- Create N (typically small, e.g. 16) equally sized bins on $\{x, y, z\}$
- Put primitives in bins according to their centroid projection
 - Record number of primitives and bounding box per bin
- Sweep *bins* instead of primitives

Binning SAH continued

- Produces lower quality trees
- Very fast
- Simple implementation
- Good performance/quality compromise

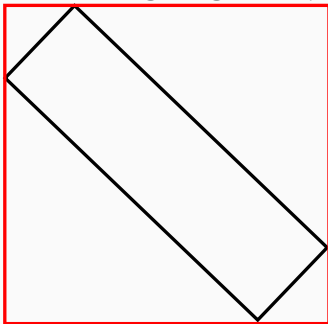
Problems

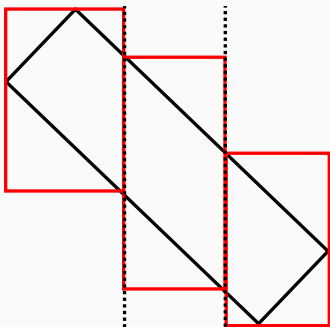
- Bounding box overlap



Problems

- Non axis-aligned geometry





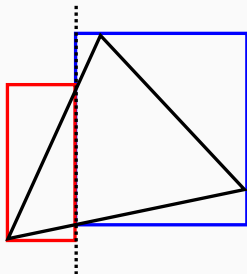
Split Primitives

- Either as a pre-pass, before BVH construction, or
- Adaptively during BVH construction

Splitting Algorithm

- Compute SAH cost of object split (e.g. using Sweep SAH)
- Compute SAH cost of spatial split
- If the spatial split is beneficial, use it
- Otherwise, use object split

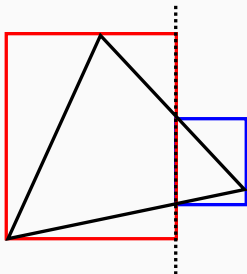
Finding Good Spatial Splits



Spatial Binning

- The SAH cost of spatial splits changes *inside* a primitive
 - Looking at bounding box extrema is not enough

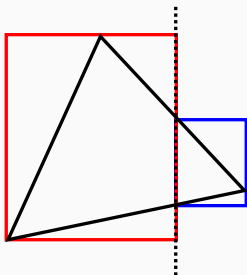
Finding Good Spatial Splits



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Finding Good Spatial Splits

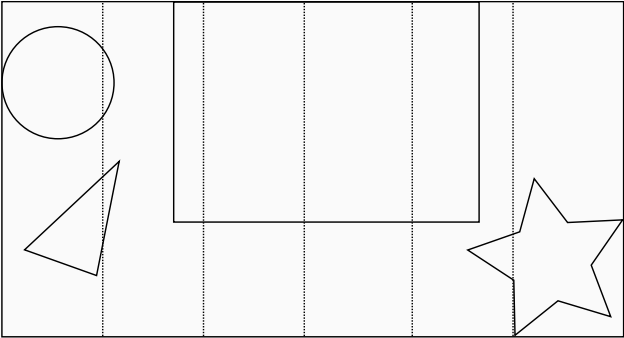


Spatial Binning

- The SAH cost of spatial splits changes *inside* a primitive
 - Looking at bounding box extrema is not enough
- Use spatial bins

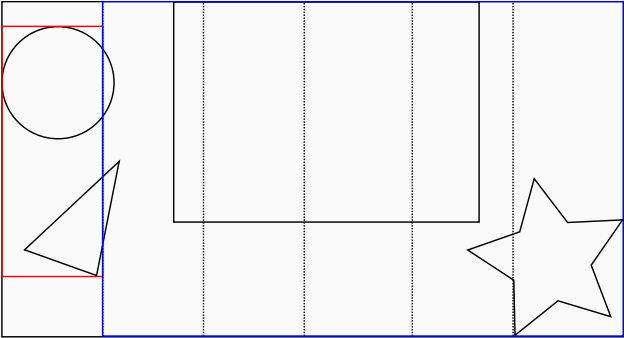
Spatial Binning

Example



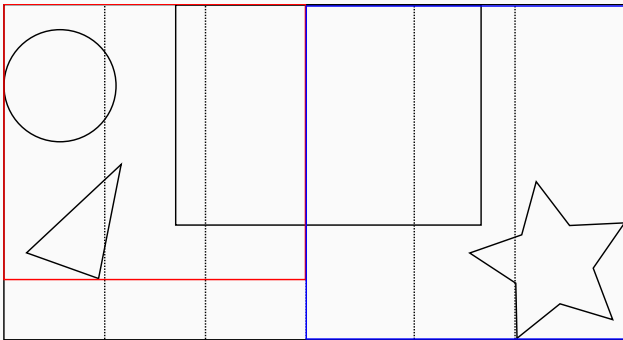
Spatial Binning

Example



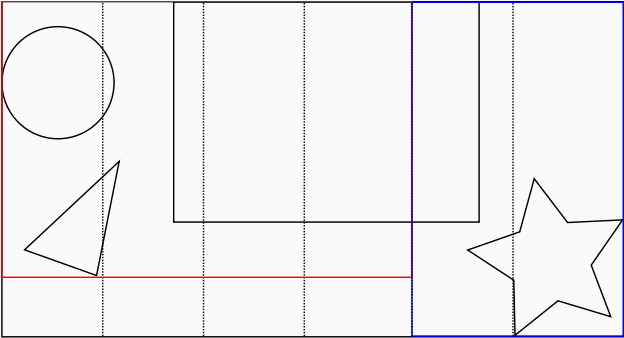
Spatial Binning

Example



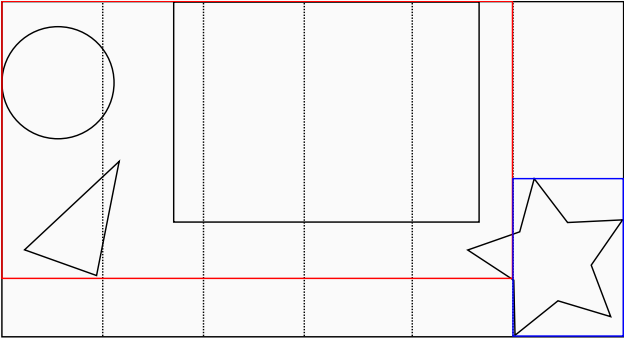
Spatial Binning

Example



Spatial Binning

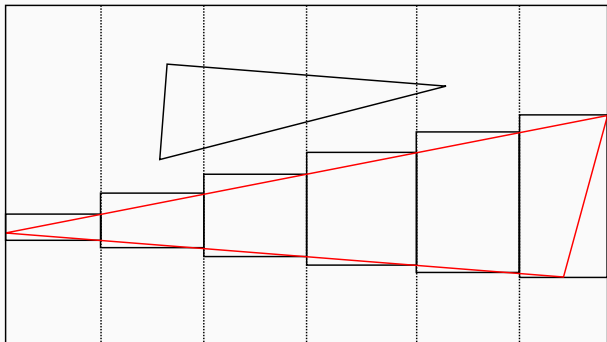
Example



Spatial Binning: Details

- For each bin that the primitive spans
 - Split the primitive according to the bin
 - Extend the bin with the bounding box after splitting
- Record the number of primitive *entries* and *exits* per bin
 - Increase the entry count of the first bin touched by the primitive
 - Increase the exit count of the last bin touched by the primitive
- Sweep the bins from right to left
 - Accumulate the bounding boxes of the bins in one array
- Sweep the primitives from left to right to compute the cost
 - Number of primitives in L and R from entry and exit counts
 - $N(L) = \sum_{b \in \text{Bins}(L)} \text{Entry}(b)$
 - $N(R) = N_{\text{total}} - \sum_{b \in \text{Bins}(L)} \text{Exit}(b)$
 - Both $N(L)$ and $N(R)$ only depend on the bins in L

Spatial Binning: Details



entry

1

0

0

0

0

0

exit

0

0

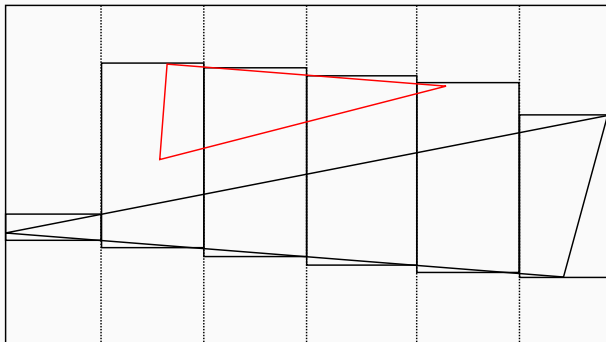
0

0

0

1

Spatial Binning: Details



entry	1	1	0	0	0	0
exit	0	0	0	0	1	1

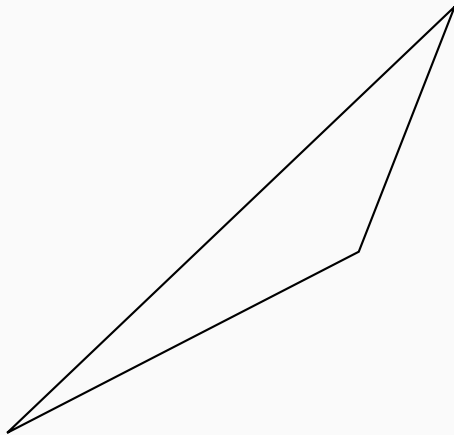
- Performance between +5 and +40% w.r.t Full Sweep SAH
- Number of references between +3 and +30%
- In extreme cases, can reach 2× performance *and* 2× references
- Costly spatial split evaluation
 - Spatial splits typically restricted to the top of the tree
 - Measure overlap between L and R after object split: $\frac{SA(L \cap R)}{SA(S)}$
where S is the bounding box of the entire scene
 - Split if greater than user parameter α

- Simple idea: Perform splitting *before* building the BVH
- Almost no modification to existing BVH builder
- *But* only local knowledge
 - Looking at each primitive independently

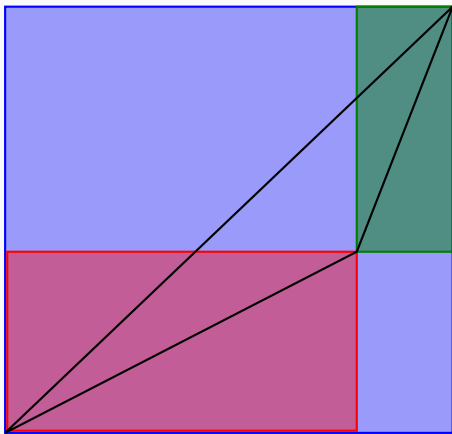
Pre-splitting: Edge Volume Heuristic

- Economical heuristic to split problematic triangles
- Compute the volume of the bounding box of each edge
 - Select edge with largest volume
 - If volume is above threshold, split edge in the middle
 - Recurse on resulting triangles
- Threshold derived from total scene volume: $\frac{V(S)}{2^t}$ with $t = 14$
- Watertight: Avoid cracks at shared edges, numerically robust
- Only affects *really bad* triangles

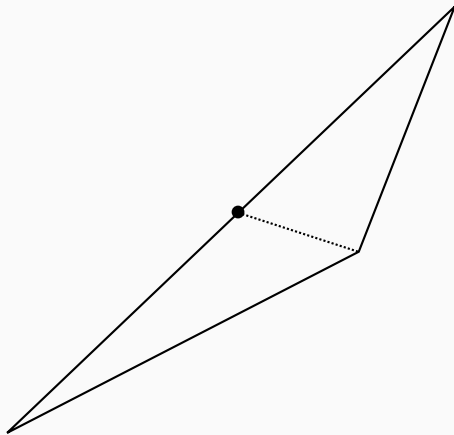
Example



Example



Example



- Performance identical for non-problematic scenes
- Improved performance in pathological cases
 - Rotated objects, very long and thin triangles
- Highly parallelizable
- Optimization: Remove duplicate references in BVH leaves

Summary

- Building good BVHs is hard
- Still active research topic
- Binning SAH construction is a good compromise between:
 - Traversal performance
 - Build times
 - Ease of implementation
- See references



Holger Dammertz and Alexander Keller.

Edge volume heuristic - robust triangle subdivision for improved BVH performance.

In Proc. 2008 IEEE/EG Symposium on Interactive Ray Tracing.



Martin Stich, Heiko Friedrich, and Andreas Dietrich.

Spatial splits in bounding volume hierarchies.

In Proc. High-Performance Graphics 2009.



Ingo Wald.

On fast construction of SAH-based bounding volume hierarchies.

In Proc. 2007 IEEE Symposium on Interactive Ray Tracing.